

Vocabulary list for



Technical term	Explanation in simple language	Translation
Democracy	A form of government in which the people have a say.	
Popular sovereignty	The people have the highest right to make decisions meet.	
Free elections	Elections in which everyone can vote and the results are fair.	
Fundamental rights	Rights that every human being is entitled to, such as freedom and security.	
Rule of law	A state in which laws apply to everyone and the government is controlled.	
Separation of powers	The division of power into different areas, thus no one has too much power.	
Minority protection	Protecting the rights of small groups in the society.	
Dignity (Art. 1 GG)	Every person has value and should be respected become.	
Equality before the law	All people are and will be equal before the law treated equally.	
Freedom of the person	Everyone has the right to determine their own life.	
Protection of privacy	The right to keep your personal information confidential hold.	
Freedom of religion	Everyone is free to choose and practice their religion.	
Freedom of assembly	The right to meet and meet others demonstrate.	
Freedom of expression	The right to express one's opinion freely.	
Anti-discrimination	Measures to prevent people from being persecuted because of their origin or other characteristics.	
Inclusion	All people, regardless of their abilities, are welcome.	

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Accessibility	Access for all people, including people with disabilities.	
Gender equality	Gender equality in all areas.	
Intercultural respect	Respect for different cultures and their differences.	
Binding to the law	The government must abide by the law.	
Independent courts	Courts that have no influence from the government make decisions.	
Control of power	Measures to ensure that no one takes too much has power.	
Proportionality	Decisions must be appropriate and fair.	
Participation	Active participation in decisions and processes.	
Learn democracy	Learn at school how democracy works and how you can have a say.	
Media literacy	Ability to critically evaluate information from the media.	
Disinformation	Spreading false or misleading information.	
Ability to compromise	The ability to find a solution that works for everyone is acceptable.	
Majority principle	Decisions are made according to the majority of votes hit.	
Freedom of belief	The right to believe what you want.	
Neutrality of the state	The state is not allowed to accept any religion or belief prefer.	
Civil society	Organizations and groups working for Society insert.	
Commitment	Active participation in projects or initiatives for the common good.	
Human rights worldwide	Rights available to every person around the world to be entitled.	
Traditions of democracy	Different ways, like democracy in different countries works.	